



Launching VPC Resources



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Create VPC info

A VPC is an isolated portion of the AWS Cloud populated by AWS objects, such as Amazon EC2 instances. Mouse over a resource to highlight the related resources.

VPC settings

Resources to create: info
Create only the VPC resource or the VPC and other networking resources.

VPC only VPC and more

Name tag auto-generation: info
Enter a name for the VPC. This name will be used for auto-generation. Please tag for all resources in the VPC.

Auto generate
network

IPv4 CIDR block: info
Provide the starting IP and the size of your VPC using CIDR notation.
10.0.0.0/16 40,960 IPs

IPv6 CIDR block: info
 No IPv6 CIDR block
 Amazon-provided IPv6 CIDR block

Tenancy: info
Default

Number of Availability Zones (AZs): info
Choose the number of AZs in which to provision subnets. We recommend at least one AZ for high availability.
1 2

Number of public subnets: info
The number of public subnets to add to your VPC. Use public subnets for web applications that need to be publicly accessible over the internet.
0 1 2

Number of private subnets: info
The number of private subnets to add to your VPC. Use private subnets to secure backend resources that don't need public access.
0 2 4

NAT gateways (0): info
Choose the number of Availability Zones (AZs) in which to create NAT gateways. Note that there is a charge for each NAT gateway.
None In 1 AZ 1 per AZ

VPC endpoints: info
Endpoint can only create NAT gateway endpoint and endpoint serving the accessing US already from the VPC. By default, full access point is used. You can customize the policy and access.
None Gateway

DNS options: info
 Enable DNS hostnames
 Enable DNS resolution

Additional tags

Cancel **Create VPC**

Preview

VPC (1) show details
network-vpc

Subnets (4) subnets within this VPC

- us-west-1a
 - network-subnet-public1-us-west-1a
 - network-subnet-private1-us-west-1a
- us-west-1c
 - network-subnet-public2-us-west-1c
 - network-subnet-private2-us-west-1c

Route tables (3) Route network traffic to resources

- network-rtb-public
- network-rtb-private1-us-west-1a
- network-rtb-private2-us-west-1c

Network connections (2) Connections to other networks

- network-igw
- network-vpc-l3



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Introducing Today's Project!

What is Amazon VPC?

A VPC is a virtual network that closely resembles a traditional network that you'd operate in your own data center. Essentially, a VPC provisions logically isolated sections of a public cloud in order to provide a virtual private environment.

How I used Amazon VPC in this project

I used Amazon VPC to setup a public and private subnets with resources to securely communicate with each other.

One thing I didn't expect in this project was...

I didn't expect the wealth of knowledge I would gain from configuring public and private resources and how they would communicate with each other securely.

This project took me...

This project took me about an 1 hour and 45 mins.



Setting Up Direct VM Access

Directly accessing a virtual machine means "logging into" the EC2 instance (instead of just managing it at a higher level with the AWS Management Console). This includes operations like installing software and changing EC2 instance's configurations.

SSH is a key method for directly accessing a VM

SSH means Secure Shell, and it is both a protocol and a traffic type. It is the protocol that matches key pairs and direct VM access, and once a connection is set up, it is a traffic type that encrypts communication/data being transferred.

To enable direct access, I set up key pairs

Key pairs are tools that help developers/engineers authenticate themselves when trying to get direct access to a virtual machine e.g. an EC2 instance.

A private key's file format means the file type that my key is stored in. My private key's file format was .pem, which is a widely accepted file format that most servers will be able to read/use.



Launching a public server

I had to change my EC2 instance's networking settings by changing the VPC and the Subnet my EC2 instance was going to be launched in! I updated both my NextWork VPC and Public Subnet. I also used my existing Public Security group.

The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console for an EC2 instance named 'i-076595b1b1787b40f (NextWork Public Server)'. The 'Networking' tab is selected, showing the following details:

- Public IPv4 address:** 3.101.129.219 | [open address](#)
- Public IPv4 DNS:** -
- Subnet ID:** subnet-092129f6c52706564 (NextWork Public Subnet)
- Availability zone:** us-west-1a
- Use RBN as guest OS hostname:** Disabled
- Private IPv4 addresses:** 10.0.0.63
- Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only):** ip-10-0-0-63.us-west-1.compute.internal
- IPV6 addresses:** -
- Carrier IP addresses (ephemeral):** -
- Answer RBN DNS hostname IPv4:** Disabled
- VPC ID:** vpc-0aecf42de1db6fb2e (NextWork VPC)
- Secondary private IPv4 addresses:** -
- Outpost ID:** -

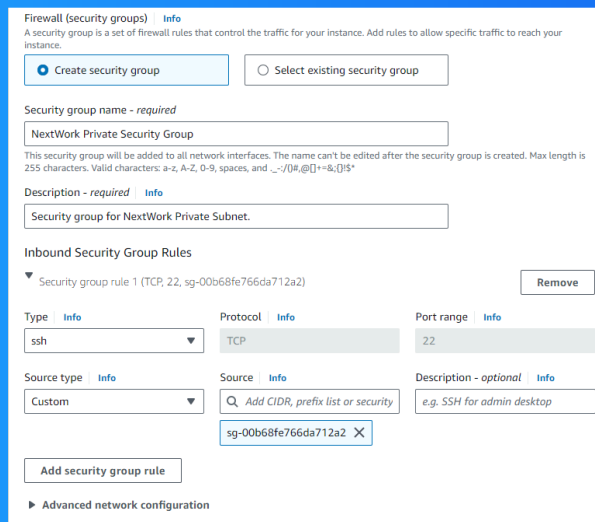
At the bottom, there is a search bar for network interfaces with the placeholder text 'Filter network interfaces'.



Launching a private server

My private server has its own dedicated security group because the NextWork public security group allows in All HTTP traffic - which would leave our private server much more vulnerable to security attacks/risks.

My private server's security group's source is my NextWork Public Security Group, which means only SSH traffic coming from resources associated with that security group would be allowed.



The screenshot shows the AWS Firewall (security groups) configuration page. It includes a header with a title and an info icon, followed by a brief description. Below this are two radio buttons for 'Create security group' (selected) and 'Select existing security group'. The 'Security group name - required' field contains 'NextWork Private Security Group'. A note explains that this group will be added to all network interfaces and provides character constraints. The 'Description - required' field contains 'Security group for NextWork Private Subnet.'. Under 'Inbound Security Group Rules', a rule is listed: 'Security group rule 1 (TCP, 22, sg-00b68fe766da712a2)' with a 'Remove' button. The rule details are: Type: ssh, Protocol: TCP, Port range: 22, Source type: Custom, Source: sg-00b68fe766da712a2, and Description: e.g. SSH for admin desktop. An 'Add security group rule' button is at the bottom, along with a link to 'Advanced network configuration'.

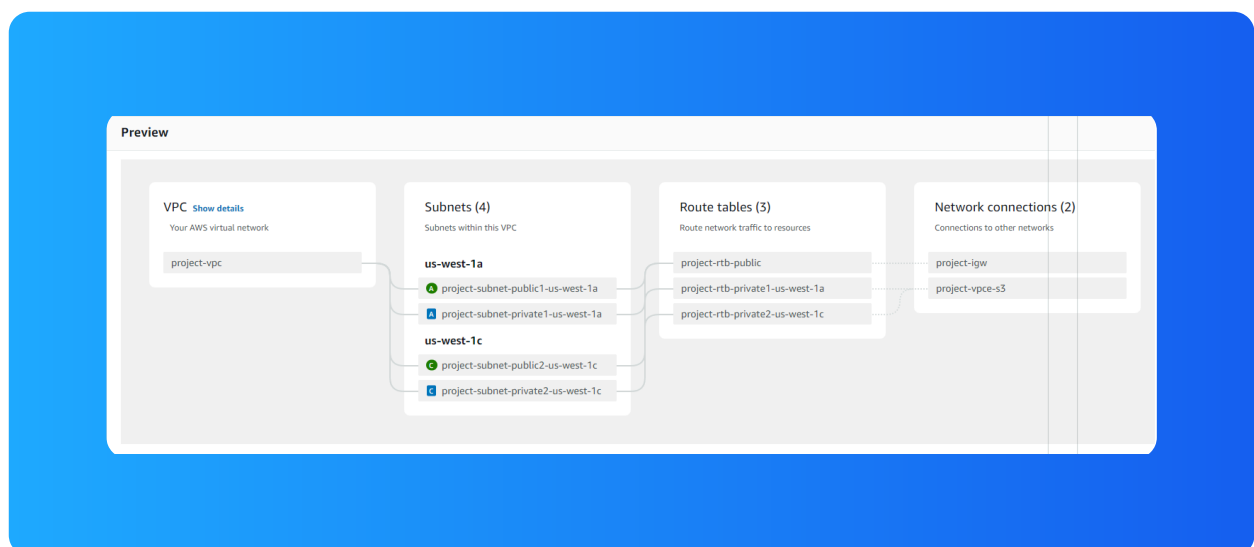


Speeding up VPC creation

I used an alternative way to set up an Amazon VPC! This time, I used the 'VPC and more' option, which gives me a VPC resource map to use when creating the VPC and all of its components e.g. Security Groups, Route tables, and Internet Gateways.

A VPC resource map is a visual diagram that maps out my VPC components and the relationships/connects between them. A resource map is interactive i.e it will highlight the connections relevant to a resource that I highlight/hover over.

My new VPC has a CIDR block of 10.0.0.0/16. It is possible for my new VPC to have the same IPv4 CIDR block as my existing VPC because VPCs are already isolated from each other. Still, this is not best practice if we need VPC peering.



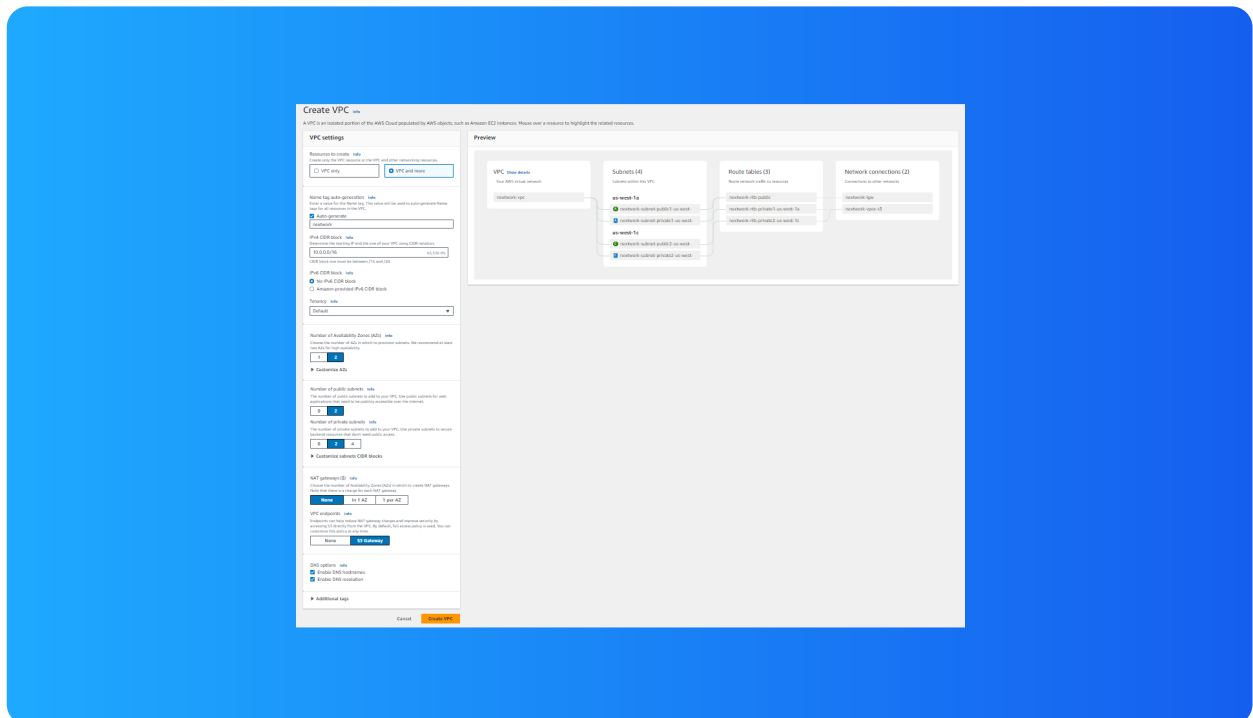


Speeding up VPC creation

Tips for using the VPC resource map

When determining the number of public subnets in my VPC, I only had two options either none or one in each Availability zone for my VPC. This was because it is best practice (improves redundancy and high availability) to have at least one subnet/AZ.

The set up page also offered to create NAT gateways, which are connectors/gateways that will let resources in my private subnet get access to the internet (e.g. for security updates) while blocking off the incoming traffic from the internet.





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